

E S O L D,
Vendue, on the Premises, the 3d of
the following Tracts of Land, viz.
containing 180 Acres (very well
watered) improved, with an Or-
of Apple and Peach Trees, a
24 Feet long, 16 wide, Plank
d, a very good logged House and
double shedded.—Part of Wellis-
ining 183 Acres, with a Dwelling
quare, shedded, Kitchen, Quarter,
a large Tobacco House almost
Tracts of Land are very level,
planting or farming, in good Re-
lously situated, for fishing or fowl-
Creek, in Cob-Neck, Charles Coun-
fold, jointly or severally, as shall
venient, and a general Warranty
of them. Credit will be given for
giving Bond and good security to
RAPHAEL BOARMAN, jun.

H CHILTON
to inform the Publick, that he hath
ern in that large and commodious
altimore-Street, Baltimore-Town, op-
use where Messrs. Abburner and Place
hath furnished herself with a Stock
ors and other Necessaries, and is
d Stables and Provender for Horses,
s for the Favour and Countenance
and flatters herself she will be able
on to those who may think proper
in their Company.

Lower Marlborough, July 26, 1772.
more to desire all Persons indebted
scriber to make Payment by the
ose who neglect may depend on
as the Law directs, without Re-
which will be very disagreeable to
Their humble Servant,
DANMUND CRAMPHIN.

UNDS REWARD.
July 6, 1772.

from the Subscribers, living near
light, in Baltimore County, Mary-
latto Slave, who goes by the Name
HARDING, but formerly by the
about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7
ge Nose, hollow eyed, low Fore-
ds of Forty Scars on his Head of
well made, has a small Scar on the
Nose on the left Side, a small Scar
his under Lip, close kneed, his
ards, some Scars on the small of his
y wearing of Irons, a large Scar on
his left Leg occasioned by a Burn, a
his Thumbs, he has been unmerciful
on his Neck with his Knees, which
his former Master, is a Carpenter
Trade, and can paint, which he
Allmorn, of Nantecan-County in
old him to Edward Voss, a Brick-
and worked in sundry Parts of Vir-
the said Slave ran away from him,
and Queen County near Rababunah,
Philadelphia, and from thence tra-
Lancaster and York Counties to Hous-
worked there about a Year, and
to Baltimore County near Baltimore
continued, from about the Year
1772, as a free Man, and since he
Masters in Virginia, has learnt to
and to play on the Violin; it is
forge a Pass and change his Name,
before: Took with him a Castor
white Russia Drab Cloaths, a blue
d striped Jacket, a new redish brown
cket much too large for him, new
d Cotton-Velvet Breeches with large
Pocket Flaps, Shirts, Stockings and
rent Sorts, and large plated Buckles.
res the above Slave in any jail, so
ers get him again, shall receive Five
50 Miles from Home Seven Pounds
and if 100 Miles the above Reward,
Charges if brought Home, paid by
SAMUEL OWINGS, jun.
ALEXANDER WELLS.

at the Plantation of Samuel Hanke, near
leaf Mountain, in Frederick County,
Stray, a bay Mare, about 12 Hnds
at 4 Years old, has one white Foot be-
small Blaze down her Face, has not any
e Owner may have her again, proving
paying Charges.

ON, at the PRINTING-
Year; ADVERTISEMENTS;
Continuance. Long One
ed, most kinds of BLANKS;
with their proper BONDS
INTING-WORK performed

(XXVIIIth YEAR.)

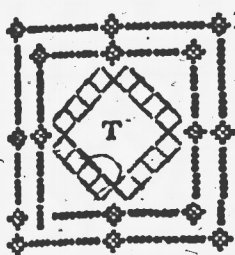
T H E

(N^o. 1408.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, SEPTEMBER 3, 1772.

S M Y R N A, April 15.



THE Russian ships are stationed
in the canal of Chio, where
the present circumstances ob-
lige them to remain. They
seem however determined to
prevent any provisions being
introduced into the capital,
and have seized some vessels
that were laden with provi-
sions.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 4. The Russians have tak-
en and carried to Paros Five French vessels, laden with
corn and rice, from Alexandria. Admiral Spiritoff
sent the Captains of them letters, declaring, that al-
though the vessels of neutral powers were permitted to
come into any Ottoman port and unlade, still those
laden with ammunition or provisions were excepted,
and consequently they were not to be carried to Con-
stantinople, Smyrna, Salonica, Chio, or Myteline,
those places being blocked up by the Russian naval
forces. These papers, which were not signed, were
sent by the Captains to M. St. Priez, the French Am-
bassador, who wrote to the Russian Admiral on the sub-
ject, and sent advice thereof to his Court.

CADIZ, May 22. The St. Raphael, and St. Peter of
Alcantara, two Spanish men of war from the Havana,
arrived in our Bay the 20th instant. They have
brought home 7,345,979 piastres in gold and silver, be-
sides very rich cargoes in other effects. The Marquis
de Croix, Captain General of the King's forces, and
late Viceroy of Mexico, came home in the St. Ra-
phael.

May 10. Yesterday the flota, consisting of fourteen
merchant ships and two men of war, sailed for Vera
Cruz.

PETERSBURG, May 29. The Empress has made an
augmentation of one fifth to the appointments of all
the officers of her army. Major General Lloyd is ar-
rived here from London, and it is said proposes to en-
ter into the service of the Empress.

ALOERS, May 30. The Danish Admiral Hoegland
arrived here on the 7th inst. with the fleet under his
command; and on the 16th he saluted the town with
21 guns, which was returned with an equal number,
as a signal that a treaty of peace had been agreed upon
between his Danish Majesty and this regency; and all
hostilities are ceased.

VIENNA, June 10. The recruiting parties begin to
appear in the streets of this city, attended with differ-
ent instruments of music, and enlist men for the caval-
ry; which is a ceremony that has not been practised
for many years.

Some publications have made their appearance here,
setting forth the right of the House of Austria to se-
veral provinces in Poland, but they are very scarce and
difficult to come at.

COPENHAGEN, June 13. A few days ago arrived in
the Sound an English East Indiaman, commanded by
Capt. Holman. This ship now belongs to the Russian
Admiralty; she is bound for Petersburg, where she is
to take in new provisions, and ammunitions and naval
stores of all sorts, and is then immediately to sail for
the Archipelago, to join the Russian fleet there.

June 16. The grievances of the sailors, set forth in
the petition which they presented to the King on the
6th, having been examined into and found ground-
less, their demands were refused, and they were told
they must abide by the ancient regulations or be dis-
missed. They were also told, that the King was pleased
to forgive them for this time the step they had taken,
but warned them never to do the like again, on pain
of being condemned as rebels to work at the fortifica-
tions for life, without hope of pardon. This declara-
tion had the desired effect; and they have deputed two
of their comrades to return thanks to the King for
having forgiven their imprudent conduct.

PARIS, June 17. Some very considerable bankrupt-
cies in the jewellery branch have just appeared here;
they are said to amount to upwards of three millions.

L O N D O N.

WESTMINSTER, June 9. This day his Majesty came
to the House of Peers, in order to sign the several bills
that were ready, after which his Majesty was pleased
to make the following most gracious speech:

"My Lords and Gentlemen,
I cannot put an end to this session of Parliament,
without expressing the satisfaction I have felt in ob-
serving the temper, and the prudence, which have go-
verned all your deliberations during the course of it,
and without returning you my particular thanks for
the fresh proof you have given of your affectionate at-
tachment to me, in the additional security you have
provided for the welfare and honour of my family.

"I can with great pleasure acquaint you; that the
dispositions of the powers of Europe give me the
strongest reason to believe, that this nation will not be
disturbed in the enjoyment of the blessings of peace.

"Gentlemen of the House of Commons,
I thank you heartily for the supplies which you
have granted with so much cheerfulness and dispatch,
and for the ample provision you have made for every

branch of the publick service; and I see with pleasure
and approbation, that you have at the same time been
able, by a proper disposition of the publick money, to
make a further progress in reducing the national debt.

"My Lords and Gentlemen,
I make no doubt but that you will carry into your
respective counties the same principles, and the same
zeal for the publick good, which I have experienced
from you in Parliament; and that you will continue
to exert your best endeavours to cultivate and improve
a spirit of harmony and confidence amongst all ranks
of my faithful subjects: let it be your constant care to
convince them, that without a due reverence for the
laws, and a cheerful obedience to just authority, nei-
ther their civil nor religious rights and liberties can be
enjoyed in comfort, or security; and to assure them,
that I consider their interests as inseparably connected
with my own, and that I am, and have ever been,
persuaded, that the prosperity and glory of my reign,
must depend on my possessing the affection, and main-
taining the happiness of my people."

Then the Lord Chancellor, by his Majesty's com-
mand, said;

"My Lords and Gentlemen,
It is his Majesty's Royal will and pleasure, that
this Parliament be prorogued to Tuesday the 11th day
of August next, to be then here held; and this Parlia-
ment is accordingly prorogued to Tuesday the 11th
day of August next."

June 11. Letters from Spain say, that the Governor
of a principal province in America was lately brought
prisoner from Lima to Cadiz, and strictly guarded to
Madrid.

From good authority, it is said, that a late earth-
quake has destroyed all the fortifications about Oran,
and made other considerable destructions along the coast
of Barbary.

The King of Prussia has an army of 60,000 men in
the Duchy of Cleves, which adjoins to Holland.

The Spaniards have at this time in the harbour of
Cadiz twenty-one men of war, besides a vast number of
small vessels, transports, &c. and upwards of 16,000
men are encamped in different parts of that neighbour-
hood.

Yesterday the house of Messrs. Neale, James, For-
dyce, and Down, Bankers, in Threadneedle-Street,
stopped payment. The acting partner, it is said, is
gone off with a very large sum of money, and has en-
tirely stripped the house of the means of immediate
payment. This failure has already broke two capital
merchants, and is likely to involve many other fami-
lies in ruin.—The other partners report, that they
hope to be able to make good every demand upon the
house.

It was reported this morning that Mr. Townsend,
not contented with the decision in the King's Bench,
on Tuesday last, respecting paying the land-tax, is de-
termined to move the cause into the House of Lords.

June 12. This morning Mr. Long, private Secretary
to Sir Robert Murray Keith, arrived at St. James's
from Copenhagen; since which it has been reported,
that he has brought with him a refutation of all the
crimes laid to the charge of the unfortunate Queen,
signed by his Danish Majesty's own hand.

The news of Messrs. Neale, Fordyce, James and Down,
having stopped payment, was received at Edinburgh
just 43 hours after it happened at London. Edinburgh
is distant from London about 425 miles.

Extraits of a letter from Calcutta, Nov. 5, 1771.

"We arrived at the Cape on the 16th of April,
there was then at that place a French ship of 64 guns,
and four transports, full of troops and provisions. We
had accounts lately of their having 10,000 men at the
Mauritius: if this be true, we may expect a blow from
that quarter. They have in a manner already begun
their operations; for the King of Tanjour, at their
instigation, has of late refused to pay his tribute. An
army of 10,000 Europeans is irresistible in India.

"The Governor and Council seem to be very ap-
prehensive; they have increased the number of work-
men at the fort. There is to be a general muster next
Thursday, when every Englishman, from fifteen to
sixty, is to make his appearance."

June 13. Letters from Paris inform, that all the
farms of France are now assigned over to the Company
of Farmers-General, for the sum of 132,250,000 livres.

June 15. The Lords of the Treasury are said to have
resolved, that the houses of Ambassadors shall no longer
be sacred against the visitation of Custom-house officers.
"It is more decent (said Lord North) that they should
apply to us for protection, than that we should ask
their permission to execute the laws; and Cromwell
himself was never more anxious for the dignity of the
English name, than I am determined to be, if I conti-
nue in the service of his Majesty."

They write from Genoa, that a great bankruptcy
has happened in the most capital house there, which
has thrown every one there into confusion, and done
incredible damage.

It is said that the Banker who absented had a differ-
ence of ten per cent. to pay on a million and a half of
India stock, of which he had been a Bear for many
months past.

Since the above absence, numbers of people have
placed their money in the funds, who formerly used to
trust their cash with Bankers.

It is said, the Danish Resident at this Court has re-
ceived letters of recal, and that he is preparing to set
out upon his return home.

June 16. Three Scotch Noblemen have determined
if possible to support the Bank of Edinburgh, for which
purpose they bind their own respective landed estates
to the amount of 15,000l. sterling per annum, by way
of a security for 100,000l. which is to be current in
London, and is to be lent by the Directors of the Bank
of England to three Noblemen.

It is thought that a Scotch junto, who have reaped
so great a harvest from English noodles in the Alley,
have determined to assist a late defaulter of their coun-
try, to support the credit of their nation, and have
procured a Receivership in one of the foreign islands
for him, equal to that given to his brother defaulter
Lachlan Maclean.

Since the absconding of one of the Scotch leaders in
the Alley, the Jews begin to recover their spirits, and
insist, that the English are not half so squeezed and
plundered by Portuguese or Dutch Jews, as they are
by Scotch Gentiles.

It is reported that the little gambling Baronet has
got, in a late scramble, forty thousand pounds of the
booty which a Scotch bankrupt lately dilgored in the
Alley.

Anecdote.—A few days before Mr. F. the celebrated
Banker, absented himself from business, he went to
Mr. M. a very eminent Merchant, and asked the loan
of 30,000l. Mr. M. did not advance the money; and
after Mr. F. had left him, he began to reflect on the
circumstance, and he grew somewhat suspicious of Mr.
F.'s situation and designs; and at this instant recollect-
ing a friend whom he knew kept cash at F.'s house, and
being rather alarmed for his friend's safety, he luckily
hit on the following expedient to serve him: Mr. M.
went to his friend, and pretended to want 8 or 9,000l.
his friend said he had 3,000l. at F.'s Bank, which he
should be welcome to, and immediately gave him a
draught for the money.—The draught was paid, and
the next day Mr. F. absented himself. On this, Mr.
M. returned his friend the 8,000l. which he had thus
secured for him, without running the least hazard of
injuring Mr. F.'s reputation, had his suspicions proved
groundless; as, in that case, he would never have dis-
volged his doubts or his scheme.—The delicacy of this
transaction cannot be too much applauded.

June 17. A great perforce has now in his possession
an exact list of all the ships of war belonging to every
power in Europe, which he has been at much expence
to obtain.

It is said, that agents are gone over, to hire two re-
giments of German troops for the use of the East India
Company.

A coalition is said to be on the carpet, under the di-
rection of Lord Mansfield, who had a conference with
the Marquis of Rockingham, at his house at Wimb-
ledon, on Saturday last, since which, we hear, the latter
has visited Lord Chatham on the same account.

June 18. No less than eight capital houses have al-
ready been obliged to stop payment on account of the
late failure of Mr. Fordyce the Banker.

One gentleman in particular, it is said, had just de-
termined to retire from business with a fortune of
30,000l. but the event has proved, that he unfortu-
nately built his castle in the air.

Private letters from Madrid advise, that the King of
Spain is very much dissatisfied with the conduct of the
Court of Versailles, with respect to the Jesuits; and
that his Catholic Majesty has directed his Ambassador
at Paris to come forthwith to Madrid, to concert pro-
per measures for the utter extirpation of that society,
and endeavour to engage the French to concur in this
plan more heartily than they have hitherto done.

An evening paper says, "It is a real fact that Mr.
Morris is married to Miss Fanny Harford, and they
are both in Italy."

June 19. Some advices from Gibraltar say, the Em-
peror of Morocco is dead, and that the young Prince
his son, who is a mortal enemy to the Spaniards, has
mounted the throne in his room.

Authentic letters from Paris declare, that the Sieur
Dionis, Member of the Academy at Bouleaux, has
lately invented a vessel to be rowed with eight oars un-
der water, and that the persons in the boat are pre-
vented suffocation by means of a kind of ethereal li-
quor, which (when the vital air is become unfit for re-
spiration by the closeness of its confinement) restores it
to its original salutary state; by dissipating the grosser
exhalations, and throwing them, through a spiral tube,
into the water. An experiment was made, on the 28th
of last month, with this extraordinary machine, which
we are assured, with ten persons in it, was navigated
four hours and an half under water in the Bay of Bi-
cay, during which time it proceeded five leagues, with-
out any of the parties receiving the least support from
the common air.

Orders are given from the Admiralty Office, for
building six new ships of the line; one of 74 guns, at
Deptford; two of 20, at Chatham; two of 24, at
Portsmouth; and one of 60, at Plymouth.